

**Additional Homework Problems**

Find the derivatives of the following functions. Check your work using Wolfram Alpha. Don't forget that Wolfram Alpha may give a correct answer, even though it is written in a different form than what you have. Also, don't forget to add extra parentheses if necessary when typing in a function.

1.  $h(x) = x^2(x - \sqrt{x})$

2.  $h(x) = \sqrt[3]{4 - x^3}$

3.  $h(x) = \frac{x^{-7}}{x^{-4}}$

4.  $h(x) = \sin^2(x) + \cos^2(x)$

5.  $h(x) = (1 + 2x^2)^{-5}$

6.  $h(x) = \cos(x^2 + x)$

7.  $h(x) = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 1}$

8.  $h(x) = \sqrt{1 - \sin^2(x)}$

**Hints:**

1. First multiply out, then use the power rule.
2. Use the Chain Rule, with  $f(x) = x^{1/3}$  and  $g(x) = 4 - x^3$ .
3. Simplify first using rules of exponents.
4. Use the Chain Rule twice;  $f(x) = x^2$  both times.
5. Use the Chain Rule, with  $f(x) = x^{-5}$  and  $g(x) = 1 + 2x^2$ .
6. Use the Chain Rule, using  $f(x) = \cos(x)$  and  $g(x) = x^2 + x$ .
7. Use the Quotient Rule. Be sure to simplify the numerator, as there will be some cancellation.
8. Use the Chain Rule, with  $f(x) = x^{1/2}$  and  $g(x) = 1 - \sin^2(x)$ . Note: you can use the derivative of  $\sin^2(x)$  you worked out in Problem 4.